

# 第一章

## 补全对话

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## ●考情分析

#### 真题考点统计

2018—2022 年补全对话考点及考频统计表								
语境 年份	询问与请求	祝愿与祝贺	感谢与道歉	邀请与建议	陈述观点	打电话与购物	问候与道别	
2022	3	0	1	0	0	0	1	
2021	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	
2020	1	2	0	1	1	0	0	
2019	2	0	1	0	0	2	0	
2018	2	0	0	1	1	2	1	
合计	9	4	3	3	2	2	2	

### 考点分析

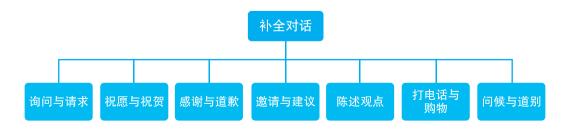
补全对话, 共 5 小题, 每题 2 分, 共 10 分。要求学生根据语境及上下文, 从四个选项中选出最佳的一个使对话完整。本题型主要考查英语日常交际用语的积累和灵活运用, 同时也考查学生的英语语感和对英语文化背景的理解。

#### 备考建议

- (1) 看清语境, 匹配选项。
- (2) 识别选项是否符合语言表达的得体性,避免中式思维。
- (3) 做好不同语境的语料积累。

## **旧精讲精练**

#### 知识地图



### 知识探索

#### → 询问与请求

询问与请求是近几年考查频率特别高的语境,主要涉及陌生人之间问路和熟人之间询问喜好及其他跟时间、 天气、电话号码相关的内容。常见的句式如下。

说话人 A	说话人 B
	(1) Sorry, I am new here./I am a stranger here.
(1) Excuse me. Where is?	对不起,我新来的。/我对这里不熟。
打扰一下,请问在哪里?	(2) Sorry, I don't know.
(2) Could you please tell/show me the way to?	对不起,我不知道。
你能告诉我去的路吗?	(3) Go along this street, and turn left at the crossingis
(3) How can I get to?	on your right. You won't miss it./Take bus No. 1.
我要怎么去?	沿着这条路直走,在十字路口左拐。就在你
(4) Excuse me, is this the right direction to?	右手边, 你不会错过的。/坐1路车。
不好意思,这是去对的路/方向吗?	(4) Well, no, you're going in the wrong direction.
	不,你走错方向了。
(1) Which/What kind ofdo you prefer, A or B?	(1) A/B, please.
你更喜欢哪一种, A 还是 B?	我要 A/B。
(2) Would you like some?	(2) Yes, please.
你要点吗?	好的,请(给我一些)。
(3) More?	(3) No, thanks.
要多一点吗?	不用了,谢谢。
(1) What time is it?	(1) It is six o'clock.
现在几点?	现在六点。
(2) What day is it today?	(2) It is Sunday.
今天星期几?	今天星期天。
(3) What date is it today?	(3) It is October 9th.
今天几号?	今天十月九号。
(4) When is the first train/flight tomorrow?	(4) 7:40.
明天第一趟火车/第一班飞机在什么时候?	七点四十分。
	(1) Sure./Certainly.
	当然可以。
	(2) No problem.
(1) Would you please do me a favor?	没问题。
你能帮我个忙吗?	(3) All right.
(2) Do you mind?	好的。
你介意吗?	(4) Sorry, I'm afraid I can't.
(3) Would you mind if I?	对不起,恐怕不行。
你介意我吗?	(5) No, go ahead./No, please do.
	不介意,去吧。/ 做吧。
	(6) Sorry, I'm afraid not.
	对不起,恐怕不行。

#### 职教高考"3+证书"新思维 英语

#### 能力训练 询问与请求

阅读下列简短对话,选出:	最佳答案,将对话补全。		
1. W: Excuse me, sir. Where	e is Dr. Brown's office?		
M:			
A. You can't ask me	B. It is OK	C. Please don't say so	D. Sorry, I don't know
2. W: Which do you prefer,	tea or juice?		
M: Tea is my f	favourite drink.		
A. Tea, please	B. Juice, please	C. Neither	D. Both
3. M: What's the date today	?		
W:			
A. It's windy	B. It's a bird	C. It's blue	D. It's June 1st
4. W: When do you get up in	n the morning?		
M:			
A. Never mind	B. I can sing	C. I like it	D. I get up at six o'clock
5. M: It's a bit hot here.			
W: Yes, it is.			
M: Would you mind if I o	pen the window?		
W:			
A. No, please do	B. Yes, please	C. I'd love to	D. Never mind
↑ 祝贺与祝原			

祝贺与祝愿主要是得知一方比赛获胜后,另一方发出祝贺,或者得知对方将要参加比赛、外出旅行等情况后, 另一方发出祝愿。另外还涉及节日祝福等。常见的句式如下。

说话人 A	说话人 B
(1)I have won 我赢了 (2)I have heardwon 我听说赢了	Congratulations! 恭喜!
(1) I wish you success/health/happiness. 祝你成功 / 健康 / 幸福。	(1) 77 1
(2) Happy New Year!	(1) Thank you.
新年快乐!	谢谢。
(3) Happy Valentine's Day!	(2) Thank you. The same to you./You, too.
情人节快乐!	谢谢。你也一样。
(4) Merry Christmas!	(3) Have a good time/journey./Enjoy yourself.
圣诞节快乐!	玩得开心。
(5)I am going on a vacation next week.	(4) Good luck.
我下周要去度假。	祝你好运。
(6)I am playing a very important game tomorrow. 我明天要参加一场很重要的比赛。	

D. Hold on, please

#### 能力训练 祝贺与祝愿

阅读下列简短对话,选出量	<b>是佳答案,将对话补全</b> 。							
1. M: I have won the first pri	ze in the English Speaking	Contest.						
W: Great!								
A. Thank you	B. Best wishes	C. Congratulations	D. You are lucky					
2. W: Mark, I heard your team won the football match yesterday.								
M: Yeah, we tried our best								
W:!								
M: Thank you so much.								
A. That's right	B. Congratulations	C. That's too bad	D. Goodbye					
3. W: I wish you success.								
M:								
A. Good luck	B. Thank you	C. It doesn't matter	D. Never mind					
4. M: I'll take the first train to	o Beijing tomorrow mornin	g.						
W:								

B. Have a good journey C. Hurry up

## A. It is very kind of you C. Excuse me

◆ 感谢与道歉

A. The same to you

5. M: Happy Valentine's Day!

感谢与道歉主要考查应答句,要注意表达的礼貌性。常见的句式如下。

说话人A	说话人B
(1) Thank you.	(1) You are welcome.
感谢你。	不客气。
(2) Thank you very much.	(2) My pleasure./It's my pleasure.
非常感谢你。	我的荣幸。
(3) Thank you for	(3) Don't mention it.
因为感谢你。	不用谢。
(1) Sorry./I'm sorry.	(1) That's all right.
我很抱歉。	没关系。
(2) I am sorry to have done sth.	(2) Never mind.
我很抱歉我做了某事。	没关系。
(3) I am really/terribly sorry that	(3) That's OK. I understand.
我真的十分抱歉	没关系。我理解。
(4) Please accept my apology.	(4) Apology accepted.
请接受我的道歉。	我接受你的道歉。

B. Thank you

D. Thank you. The same to you

#### 职教高考"3+证书"新思维 英语

#### 能力训练 感谢与道歉

阅读下列简短对话,选出出	最佳答案,将对话补全。					
1. M: Mindy, here's a presen						
W: Thank you so much.						
M:						
A. You are welcome	B. Please don't	C. It is not a good present	D. It is expensive			
2. M: What a wonderful eve	ning! Thank you for inviting	g me.				
W:						
A. It is nothing		B. It's my pleasure				
C. You made a good choice	ce	D. Don't thank me				
3. W: Thank you for seeing	me off at the airport.					
M: I wish you a	a pleasant journey.					
A. My pleasure.	B. Thank you.	C. Not at all.	D. Can I help you?			
4. M: I am terribly sorry that	t I broke your umbrella.					
W: I have a spa	are one.					
A. I am very angry		B. You can buy one for me	,			
C. That's all right		D. I like my old umbrella				
5. M: Sorry, Madam. I made	the spelling mistakes again					
W: Practice ma	akes perfect.					
M: Understood!						
A. I am so angry	B. You are stupid	C. Never mind	D. You are welcome			
↑激遣与建议						

邀请与建议语境经常涉及用餐和一些娱乐活动,主要考查应答句,前者多为婉拒,后者多为欣然接受,需 注意表达得体。常见的句式如下。

说话人 A	说话人 B
(1) May I invite you to?	(1) Sure, I'd love to.
我能请你去吗?	好啊,我很乐意。
(2) I am going toand I'd like you to come.	(2) I'd love to, but I
我打算去,我想请你跟我一起去。	我很想,但(不能去的理由)。
(3) Why not do sth.?	(3) Sorry, I'm afraid not.
为什么不做某事呢?	对不起,恐怕不行。
(4) Would you like to do sth.?	(4) Sounds great./Good idea.
你想要做某事吗?	听上去很不错。/ 好主意。
(5) How about doing sth.?	(5) Sounds like a good plan.
做某事怎么样?	听上去像个不错的计划。
(6) Shall we do sth.?	(6) No, thanks/thank you.
我们做某事好吗?	不用了,谢谢。

#### 能力训练 邀请与建议

阅读下列简短对话,选出最佳答案,将对话补全。 1. M: May I invite you to dinner? W: , but I'm afraid I have no time. A. I'd love to B. No, I can't C.Excuse me D. Not really 2. W: Will you go to the cinema with me? M: \_\_\_\_\_. I have to finish the work. A. I'd love to but I have no time B. Not at all C.It doesn't matter D. Thank you 3. W: Shall we go for a picnic this weekend? A. Sounds great B. You're welcome C. You are right D. It's a pity 4. M: What a fine day! Why not go boating in the park? W: \_\_\_\_. Let's go. D. Don't worry A. You're joking B. Good idea C. I'm afraid not

5. M: It's nearly lunchtime. How about having some noodles and dumplings?

B. That's right

#### → 陈述观点

W: \_\_\_\_\_.
A. You're welcome

陈述观点的语境,一类考查说话人 A 表达自己不好的遭遇,而说话人 B 表示遗憾或予以安慰。另一类是说话人 B 对说话人 A 提出的赞美表示感谢。常见的句式如下。

C. That's nice of you

D. That sounds good

说话人 A	说话人 B
(1) I am worried about the coming exam.	(1) Take it easy.
我很担心即将到来的考试。	别紧张。
(2)is ill in the hospital.	(2) I'm sorry to hear that.
生病住院了。	听到这个消息我很难过。
(3) What a beautiful!	(3) Thank you.
多美的一个啊!	谢谢。
(4) That's (a) beautiful	(4) Thank you. I am glad you like it.
那个好美。	谢谢,很高兴你喜欢它。
(5) I believe you can do sth.	(5) It's very kind of you to say so.
我相信你可以做到某事。	你这么说真是太好了。

#### 能力训练 陈述观点

阅读下列简短对话。	冼虫是住效安	<b>炮</b> 对迁补 <b>今</b>

1.	W:	Jack	fell	down	and	hurt	himse	fу	esterd	lay	•
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M: \_\_\_\_\_.

A. No problem B. Nothing serious C. It doesn't matter D. I'm sorry to hear that

#### 职教高考"3+证书"新思维 英语

2. W: I have a serious toothache, doctor.					
	M: Let me give you an examination.				
	A. It doesn't matter	B. That's OK	C. Take it easy	D. Don't think too much	
3.	3. M: What a beautiful cup you've bought!				
	W:				
	A. Not at all	B. Thank you	C. You're great	D. I don't believe it	
4.	M: Did you sing this song	?			
	W: Yes.				
	M: I believe you have a beautiful voice.				
	W:				
	A. It's very kind of you to say so		B. Just so so		
	C. You are kidding		D. Sure		
5. M: How do you like the coffee I made for you?					
	W:				
	M: Really? I am so glad to hear that.				
	A. I don't like coffee	B. I think it tastes good	C. You are welcome	D. I like it very much	

### → 打电话与购物

打电话的语境主要考查电话另一头是谁在说话,以及要找的人不在时,请对方帮忙留言该如何表达。购物的语境中,一般是说话人 A 主动提供帮助,说话人 B 明确需求,对尺寸、颜色等进行询问。常见的句式如下:

说话人 A	说话人 B
(1) Hello, who is it/that speaking?	(1) Hello, this isspeaking.
喂,哪位?	喂,我是
(2) May I speak to?	(2) This is
可以找接听电话吗?	我是
(3) I'd like to speak to	(3) Hold on a minute./Hold on, please.
我想找	等一等。
(4) Sorry, he is not available right now. Can I take a message?	(4) Sure, please tell him to call back as soon as possible.
对不起,他现在不在。您需要留言吗?	好的,请让他尽快回电话。
(1) What can I do for you?	
有什么可以帮您?	(1) I want
(2) May I help you?	我想要
需要帮忙吗?	(2) Blue, please.
(3) Is there anything I can do for you?	(我想要)蓝色的。
有什么可以帮您?	(3) Size 8, please.
(4) What color/size do you want?	(我想要)八码的。
你想要什么颜色/尺寸?	

#### 能力训练 打电话与购物

阅读下列简短对话,选出最佳答案,将对话补全。						
1.	. M: Hello,?					
	W: Hello, this is Kate speaking.					
	A. who are you	B. are you Kate	C. who is it speaking	D. who do you want to speak		
2.	. M: Hello, who's that speaking?					
	W: Hello,					
	A. that is Jane	B. I'm Mike	C. this is Mary speaking	D. she is Maria		
3.	M: Good morning! I'd lik	e to speak to Mr. Lee.				
	W: May I know who is calling, please?					
	M:					
	A. I can't tell you	B. I will call back later	C. This is Laura	D. I am Laura		
4.	4. M: Good afternoon! This is Jim Smith. May I speak to Mr. Blue?					
	W: Sorry, he is not available right now?					
	M: Sure, please tell him to call back as soon as possible.					
A. Can I take a message			B. Are you Jim Smith			
	C. What can I say		D. What is your name			
5.	5. M: What can I do for you, madam?					
	W:					
A. I want a kilo of apples B. You can			B. You can go your own w	yay		
	C. Thanks		D. Excuse me. I am busy			
	<u></u>					

### → 问候与道别

问候的语境既考查陌生人初次见面的问好,也考查熟人见面时的问好,以及代为向第三方问好。道别常为客观情况下说话人 A 不得不离开,然后说话人 B 与其道别。常见的句式如下:

说话人 A	说话人B
(1) How do you do?	(1) How do you do?
(初次见面)你好!	你好!
(2) Nice/Glad to meet you.	(2) Nice/Glad to meet you.
很高兴见到你。	很高兴见到你。
(3) Good morning/afternoon/evening!	(3) Good morning/afternoon/evening!
早上好/下午好/晚上好!	早上好/下午好/晚上好!
(1) How are you?/How are you doing?	(1) Great!/Not bad. What about you?
你好吗?	非常好! /还不错。你呢?
(2) How are you feeling today?	(2) I am feeling much better now.
你今天感觉怎么样?	我感觉好多了。
(3) Please say hello to sb. for me.	(3) I will. Thank you.
请你代我向某人问好。	我会的。谢谢你!

To be continued

说话人 A	说话人B
	(1) Goodbye./See you.
(1) I'm afraid I have to go/leave now.	再见。
恐怕我现在得走了。	(2) Take care and bye.
(2) See you.	保重,再见。
再见。	(3) Keep in touch.
	保持联系。

See you.		保重,再见。		
再见。		(3) Keep in touch.		
		保持联系。		
<b>松九训练</b>				
能力训练。问候与道别				
阅读下列简短对话,选出	最佳答案,将对话补全。			
1. M: How do you do?				
W:				
A. I'm fine, thank you.		B. How do you do?		
C. Well, thank you.		D. Certainly.		
2. W: Hi, my name is Kitty,	and I'm from Britain.			
M:, Kitty. My r	name is Sam. I am from Fran	nce.		
A. Thank you	B. I'm sorry	C. Nice to meet you	D. All right	
3. M:?				
W: I am feeling much bett	ter now, Doctor Wu.			
A. How are you feeling to	day	B. What can I help you		
C. How do you do		D. What's the matter with you		
4. M: Please say hello to you	ar mother for me.			
W:				
A. Certainly	B. You are so sweet	C. Thank you all the same	D. I will. Thank you	
5. M: It's getting dark. I am	afraid I have to leave now.			
W: OK				
A. Walk slowly	B. Take care and bye	C. Please stay	D. Let me send you	
·			·	
现学现用				
阅读下列简短对话,选出出	最佳答案,将对话补全。			
1. M: What a fine day! Why not go for a picnic?				
W: Let's go.				
A. You're joking	B. Sounds great	C. I'm afraid not	D. Don't worry	
2. W: Hi, Tom. I've got the job I wanted in the company.				
M:! That's good news.				
A. Go ahead	B. Good luck	C Congratulations	D. Come on	

C. Congratulations