

第二章

语法填空周周练

进度表

	DAY 1	DAY 2	DAY 3	DAY 4	DAY 5	DAY 6
WEEK 1						
WEEK 2						
WEEK 3						
WEEK 4						
WEEK 5						
WEEK 6						
WEEK 7						
WEEK 8						
WEEK 9						
WEEK 10						
WEEK 11						
WEEK 12						
WEEK 13						
WEEK 14						
WEEK 15						
WEEK 16						
WEEK 17						
WEEK 18						
WEEK 19						
WEEK 20						

练习说明

每周包含 6 篇语法填空训练，DAY 1 为高考真题，DAY 2—DAY 6 为原创模拟题。同学们可以每完成一篇，就在进度表相应的格子里打“√”，记录自己的完成情况。同时要记得在周日进行复习总结哟！

WEEK 1



WEEK 1

DAY 1 博物馆的由来与功能 (2020·新高考 I 卷)

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Many people have the hobby of collecting things, e.g. stamps, postcards or antiques. In the 18th and 19th centuries, (1) _____ (wealth) people travelled and collected plants, historical objects and works of art. They kept their collection at home until it got too big (2) _____ until they died, and then it was given to a museum. The 80,000 objects collected by Sir Hans Sloane, for example, (3) _____ (form) the core collection of the British Museum (4) _____ opened in 1759.

The parts of a museum open to the public (5) _____ (call) galleries or rooms. Often, only a small part of a museum's collection (6) _____ (be) on display. Most of it is stored away or used for research.

Many museums are lively places and they attract a lot of visitors. As well as looking at exhibits, visitors can play with computer simulations (模拟) and imagine (7) _____ (they) living at a different time in history or (8) _____ (walk) through a rainforest. At the Jorvik Centre in York, the city's Viking settlement is recreated, and people experience the sights, sounds and smells of the old town. Historical (9) _____ (accurate) is important but so is entertainment. Museums must compete (10) _____ people's spare time and money with other amusements. Most museums also welcome school groups and arrange special activities for children.

(主题语境: 人与社会——历史、社会与文化——社会公益机构)

DAY 2 新 iPhone, 新充电器: 苹果公司向欧盟规定妥协

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

New iPhone, new charger: Apple bends to EU rules

Apple's latest iPhone will almost certainly feature a USB-C charge point when it (1) _____ (release) on 12 September.

The firm's phones currently use its special Lightning adaptor (闪电适配器). A European Union law requires phone makers (2) _____ (adopt) a common charging connection by December 2024 to save consumers money and cut waste.

Most new Apple products such as (3) _____ latest iPads already use USB-C, but the firm had argued against the EU rule. When it was introduced in September 2021, an Apple (4) _____ (represent) told *BBC News*: "We remain concerned that strict regulation mandating (强制执行) just one type of connector stifles (抑制) innovation rather than encouraging it, (5) _____ in turn will harm consumers in Europe and around the world."

Lightning to USB-C adaptors are already available from other electronics brands including Amazon, and all

iPhones since the iPhone 8 which launched in 2017 (6) _____ (support) wireless charging.

As the current iPhone 14 now looks to be the last Apple device to exclusively (专门地) use it, this could mark the (7) _____ (begin) of the end of the Lightning cable. However, it is still unclear (8) _____ this will be a global change to the product.

The EU common-charger rule covers a range of “small and medium-sized portable (便携式) electronics”, according to the EU. Any of these devices (9) _____ (charge) using a wired cable will have to have a USB Type-C port, regardless (10) _____ who makes the devices.

(主题语境: 人与社会——科学与技术——科技发展与信息技术创新)

DAY 3 创造 mRNA 新冠病毒疫苗的科学家获诺贝尔奖

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Nobel Prize goes to scientists behind mRNA Covid vaccines

The 2023 Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine has been awarded to (1) _____ pair of scientists who developed the technology that led to the mRNA (信使核糖核酸) Covid vaccines (疫苗). Professors Katalin Kariko and Drew Weissman will share the prize. The technology has now been given to millions of people around the world to protect them (2) _____ serious COVID-19.

The Nobel Prize committee said: “They contributed to the unprecedented (史无前例的) rate of vaccine (3) _____ (develop) during one of the greatest threats to human health in modern times.” Both (4) _____ (tell) they had won by telephone this morning and were said to be (5) _____ (amaze).

Vaccines train the immune (免疫的) system (6) _____ (recognize) and fight threats such as viruses or bacteria. Traditional vaccine technology has been based on dead or weakened versions of the original virus or bacterium—or by (7) _____ (use) elements of the infectious agent (传染性病原体).

In contrast, mRNA vaccines use a (8) _____ (complete) different approach. During the Covid pandemic, the Moderna and Pfizer/BioNTech vaccines were both based on mRNA technology.

Professor Kariko and Professor Weissman met in the early 1990s (9) _____ they were working at the University of Pennsylvania, in the United States. At that time, (10) _____ (they) interest in mRNA was considered unimportant in science.

(主题语境: 人与社会——科学与技术——科技发展与信息技术创新)

DAY 4 中国“一带一路”工程助力印尼高铁建设

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

China Belt and Road: Indonesia opens Whoosh high-speed railway

Indonesia has finished the construction of its first high-speed railway, a \$7.3bn (£5.9bn) project backed by China under its Belt and Road Initiative (“一带一路”倡议). President Joko Widodo launched the service,

which connects the capital Jakarta to Bandung, a top (1) _____ (economy) center.

The railway (2) _____ (name) Whoosh. It can reach speeds of up to 350km/h(217mph) with the journey (3) _____ (cover) 142 km.

Mr Widodo has prioritized (优先考虑) projects like Whoosh (4) _____ (ease) the country's severe traffic jams. Indonesian officials say the high-speed railway is expected to improve economic productivity. The trains are powered (5) _____ electricity, which will help reduce the (6) _____ (country) carbon footprint (碳排放量).

While ticket prices for the train have not been finalised, the company behind the train estimates that a one-way ticket could cost between 250,000 Indonesian rupiah (印尼卢比) (7) _____ 350,000 Indonesian rupiah (\$16 to \$22.60). In comparison, a bus fare (公交车费) can cost as low as \$5, (8) _____ is approximately 77,685 Indonesian rupiah. And that difference can mean a lot for the average citizen.

The project is part of Chinese 10-year-old Belt and Road initiative, (9) _____ ambitious plan to connect Asia with Africa and Europe through a series of land and sea networks via investments.

Indonesia, South East Asia's largest economy, has been (10) _____ (active) seeking investments from China, its largest trade partner.

(主题语境: 人与社会——历史、社会与文化——重大政治事件)

DAY 5 《芭比》超越《超级马力欧兄弟大电影》创 2023 年最高票房纪录

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Barbie overtakes Super Mario Bros to be 2023's biggest box office hit

Barbie (《芭比》) has officially become the year's biggest box office hit, after the doll's big-screen earnings overtook the *Super Mario Bros Movie*'s total (《超级马力欧兄弟大电影》).

The *Barbie* movie has now made \$1.38 bn (£1.1bn) (1) _____ (global). That has taken it past the \$1.36bn taken (2) _____ the *Super Mario Bros Movie*.

Analysts did not expect cinemas to reach that milestone, (3) _____ the success of Barbenheimer—*Barbie* and Christopher Nolan's *Oppenheimer* (《奥本海默》), which (4) _____ (release) on the same day in July—propelled (驱动) takings past last (5) _____ (year) total of \$3.4bn (£2.7bn).

Many industry (6) _____ (expert) also predicted that the *Super Mario Bros Movie* would be the biggest film of 2023. But *Barbie*, (7) _____ (direct) by Greta Gerwig, has proved them wrong on that front too.

The Equalizer 3 (《伸冤人 3》), (8) _____ (star) Denzel Washington, proved to be another summer hit on its release this weekend, taking \$34.5m (£27.3m) in its first three days at North American box offices.

However, there are concerns in Hollywood (9) _____ there may be a drop-off for rest of the year after films including *Dune: Part II* (《沙丘 2》), *Kraven the Hunter* (《猎人克莱文》) and the *Ghostbusters: Afterlife*

(《超能敢死队》) sequel (续集) moved their release dates to 2024, as the ongoing Hollywood strike (罢工) (10) _____ (prevent) actors from promoting studio movies.

(主题语境: 人与社会——文学、艺术与体育——影视、音乐等领域的概况及其发展)

DAY 6 中国全力对抗极端天气

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

China battling extreme weather

China is working to battle severe weather as heavy rains are causing floods in the south and central parts of the country.

The Chinese leadership has instructed authorities at all levels (各级政府) (1) _____ (minimize) losses through their work on flood (2) _____ (prevent) and disaster relief. The latest round of heavy rains since Monday killed 15 people (3) _____ left four others missing.

The authority has (4) _____ (instant) raised the relief response to Level III. Many people in the disaster-stricken areas have voluntarily organized teams to carry out self-rescue efforts.

In the neighboring Hunan Province, another two rounds of heavy rains are expected in Xiangxi in 10 days, (5) _____ may cause floods, landslides and other secondary disasters, according (6) _____ the local weather department.

In Sichuan Province, over 85,000 (7) _____ (local) have been evacuated (疏散) to safe places. Thanks to the early warnings and timely measures carried out by the local government, no casualties (伤亡人员) (8) _____ (report) so far.

China earmarked (指定……用途) 320 million yuan on Wednesday from (9) _____ (it) central natural-disaster relief funds. This action aimed to support flood and (10) _____ (geology) disaster relief work in regions such as Chongqing and Sichuan.

(主题语境: 人与自然——灾害防范——自然灾害与防范)

本周复盘表

日期	正确数	错误数	错误原因总结
DAY 1			
DAY 2			
DAY 3			
DAY 4			
DAY 5			
DAY 6			

WEEK 2



DAY 1 小笼包的魅力 (2023·新高考 I 卷)

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Xiao long bao (soup dumplings), those amazing constructions of delicate dumpling wrappers, encasing hot, (1) _____ (taste) soup and sweet, fresh meat, are far and away my favorite Chinese street food. The dumplings arrive steaming and dangerously hot. To eat one, you have to decide whether (2) _____ (bite) a small hole in it first, releasing the steam and risking a spill (溢出), (3) _____ to put the whole dumpling in your mouth, letting the hot soup explode on your tongue.

Shanghai may be the (4) _____ (recognize) home of the soup dumplings but food historians will actually point you to the neighboring canal town of Nanxiang as Xiao long bao's birthplace. There you will find them prepared differently—more dumpling and less soup, and the wrappers are pressed (5) _____ hand rather than rolled.

Nanxiang aside, the best Xiao long bao have a fine skin, allowing them (6) _____ (lift) out of the steamer basket without tearing or spilling any of (7) _____ (they) contents. The meat should be fresh with (8) _____ touch of sweetness and the soup hot, clear and delicious.

No matter where I buy them, one steamer is (9) _____ (rare) enough, yet two seems greedy, so I am always left (10) _____ (want) more next time.

(主题语境：人与社会——历史、社会与文化——物质与非物质文化遗产)

DAY 2 中国北方洪灾后的重建恢复

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Restoration works in China's flood-affected northern regions

As the floodwaters in north China's Hebei Province and Beijing go down, the focus is shifting from urgent rescues to helping the areas recover and return to normal life at (1) _____ earliest.

In Zhuozhou City, one of the worst-affected (2) _____ (area) in Hebei, previously relocated (迁移) residents have begun to return home. Residents, volunteers (3) _____ rescue personnel are actively involved in, cleaning up mud, disinfection (消毒), and drainage (排水) works (4) _____ (repair) the damage in affected communities.

To minimize agricultural losses, the province is conducting a detailed survey and (5) _____ (assess) of the damages in the flood-affected areas.

Zhao Xiaoming, the person in charge of a family farm in Hebei's Anping County, said he can finally breathe a sigh of relief (6) _____ (see) the water level in the fields significantly decreasing. "The government provided us (7) _____ water pumping equipment, which helped save our crops for this year."

In Handan City, an animal disinfection team has undertaken the task of gathering dead chickens from a farm.

These carcasses (动物尸体) were then carefully transported to a facility, (8) _____ they underwent safe and professional disposal (清除).

In the Chinese capital of Beijing, a total of over 440 km of rural roads in the nine towns of the suburban Mentougou District, which was (9) _____ (heavy) hit by rain early last week, (10) _____ (reopen) as of 10 pm Sunday, according to the district government.

(主题语境: 人与自然——灾害防范——自然灾害与防范)

DAY ③ 为圆梦, 男子参加 27 次高考

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Man to sit gaokao for 27th time to realize his dream

What does the National College Entrance Exam, or *gaokao*, mean to Chinese? Everyone has their own answer. For Liang Shi, it's the only way to realize his dream of (1) _____ (become) a college student, *Bandao Metropolis Daily* reported.

In 1983, Liang attended his first *gaokao* but (2) _____ (fail). He tried again in the next two years (3) _____ saw no luck. He kept preparing for the test and did several (4) _____ (job). To raise his family, he worked as a salesman. He sold clothing, refrigerators, TV and hardware.

In 2001, Liang picked up his books again. (5) _____ (bury) in his business, he only had time to sit the exam in 2002 and 2006. In 2019, he scored 462. But he didn't apply any university because his goal was Sichuan University, a Double First-Class university.

(6) _____ (he) repeated tries have earned him a reputation in *gaokao* and are met with mixed responses. Some netizens (网民) say he is wasting time and energy and he is putting on an act. Liang doesn't care about others' judgment. "Everyone pursues different things. You can't say who is right or who is wrong. As long as the law permits, it's (7) _____ (reason)," he said.

To prepare (8) _____ the exam, Liang leaves home at 8 am, takes the subway to study at a friend's teahouse and goes home at 9-10 pm. At such (9) _____ age, Liang said he finds it hard to get up early. He wants (10) _____ (realize) his dream as soon as possible so he has decided not to fix his goal on Sichuan University this year.

(主题语境: 人与自我——生活与学习——终身学习)

DAY ④ 天津发生严重地面沉降

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Land subsidence in Tianjin

On Thursday, it was initially decided that the land sinking in Tianjin's Jinnan district, which started on May

31, 2023, was caused by an unexpected natural ground issue, according to local news outlet Jinyun.

“Initial findings suggest that the unexpected natural ground issue was due to the (1) _____ (complicate) geological structure deep underground. Based on the findings of scientific institutes, geologists suspect that there may be a geological hole about 1,300 meters underground, (2) _____ ordinary exploration was unable to discover,” an expert told Jinyun. “We can’t exclude the (3) _____ (possible) that geothermal well (地热井) drilling projects came into contact with the deep geological structure, resulting in even bigger disasters,” the expert continued.

Between May 31 (4) _____ June 2, when the subsidence (地面沉降) was occurring at a rapid pace, some buildings (5) _____ (affect). The city has reinforced (加强) the area by (6) _____ (introduce) additional materials. Between June 1 and 3, almost 3,900 residents of three high-rise residential buildings were moved to nearby hotels.

The Jinnan district government (7) _____ (announce) on June 1 that traces of water seepage (渗透) were found (8) _____ the walls of underground parking lots.

Experts have established over 80 observation (9) _____ (point) and produce progress reports every two hours, Jinyun reported previously. The city will continue monitoring and conducting analysis (10) _____ (determine) the next steps, it said.

(主题语境: 人与自然——灾害防范——自然灾害与防范)

DAY 5 中国修订《野生动物保护法》

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

China enhances wildlife protection as law takes effect

China revised Law on the Protection of Wildlife. It was adopted by the top legislature (立法机关) in December last year, and (1) _____ (go) into effect on Monday. It is regarded (2) _____ part of the country’s effort to better protect wildlife and their habitats. The revised law has refined several (3) _____ (measure) for the regulation of wildlife populations in detail.

The law stipulates (规定) that isolation and protection facilities, together with safety warning signs, should (4) _____ (build) in light of the actual situation. It also broadens the scope of national subsidies (补贴) for losses (5) _____ (cause) by wild animals. The (6) _____ (exist) law on wildlife protection was made in 1988. The (7) _____ (revise) is the first major update since the 2016 one.

Also on Monday, (8) _____ array of (一系列) measures for isolating (隔离) wild animals started to be used. These rules, (9) _____ explain what animals need to be isolated, say that the systems should be adjusted properly according to the actual situation. There are also some efforts to improve the technical support system and (10) _____ (strengthen) inter-departmental cooperation.

(主题语境: 人与自然——环境保护——人与动植物)

DAY 6 虽疫情终结，仍需反思经验教训

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Pandemic ending, but lessons need to be learned

The World Health Organization declared an end to COVID-19 as a global public health emergency on Friday, but that does not mean, as WHO Director-General Tedros Adhanom Ghebreyesus said, the disease is no longer (1) _____ global threat.

The world health body (2) _____(make) the decision based on the fact that all main figures of the pandemic have dropped. It remains a health threat, however, even if it can be treated at a (3) _____(relative) low cost, medically, socially and financially.

By (4) _____(lift) the global public health emergency, the WHO means to help (5) _____(country) downgrade their prevention and control measures, so as to facilitate (便利) of cross-border flow of people and goods.

China, for example, downgraded the management of COVID-19 from class A (6) _____ class B from Jan 8. Thanks to the move, the just-concluded May Day holiday witnessed about 274 million domestic trips and an increase in oversea travel, (7) _____ will boost the tourism industry of not only China but also the rest of the world, because the country was the source of the (8) _____(large) number of tourists in the world before the pandemic.

The threat of the disease may have lessened, (9) _____ no one should take it for granted that another virus or bacterium will not bring down the world to its knees again in the near future. The lessons (10) _____(learn) should drive all the countries to prepare, and prepare well, for another medical emergency.

(主题语境：人与社会——历史、社会与文化——重大历史事件)

本周复盘表

日期	正确数	错误数	错误原因总结
DAY 1			
DAY 2			
DAY 3			
DAY 4			
DAY 5			
DAY 6			

WEEK 3



DAY ① 盲人徒步者的“一带一路”追梦行 (2022·全国甲卷)

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

A visually-challenged man from Beijing recently hiked 40 days to Xi'an, as a first step (1) _____ (journey) the Belt and Road route by foot.

On the 1,100-kilometer journey, the man Cao Shengkang, (2) _____ lost his eyesight at the age of eight in a car accident, crossed 40 cities and counties in three province. Inspired by the Belt and Road Forum for International Cooperation (3) _____ (hold) in Beijing, Cao decided to cover the route by hiking as a tribute to the ancient Silk Road. (4) _____ friend of his, Wu Fan, volunteered to be his companion during the trip.

Cao and Wu also collected garbage along the road, in order to promote environmental (5) _____ (protect). Cao believes this will make the hiking trip even more (6) _____ (meaning). The two of them collected more than 1,000 plastic bottles along the 40-day journey.

In the last five years, Cao (7) _____ (walk) through 34 countries in six continents, and in 2016, he reached the top of Kilimanjaro, Africa's (8) _____ (high) mountain.

Now, Cao has started the second part of his dream to walk along the Belt and Road route. He flew 4,700 kilometers (9) _____ Xi'an to Kashgar on Sept. 20, (10) _____ (plan) to hike back to Xi'an in five months.

(主题语境：人与自我——做人与做事——生命的意义与价值)

DAY ② 红树林摄影奖

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Mangrove Photography Awards

Soham Bhattacharyya has been named overall winner of the 2023 Mangrove Photography Awards (红树林摄影奖), for his image of (1) _____ endangered tigress (雌老虎) in the Sundarbans Biosphere Reserve, India.

Run by the Mangrove Action Project, the competition—now in its (2) _____ (nine) year—aims to show the relationships between wildlife, communities and mangrove forests, as well as the fragility (脆弱性) of these unique ecosystems.

Mr. Bhattacharyya's winning image, (3) _____ (call) The Finest Flower of the Mangroves, shows a young Royal Bengal tigress in its natural mangrove habitat, (4) _____ (stare) at the photographer.

In 2021, West Bengal Forest Department estimated there (5) _____ (be) only 96 Royal Bengal tigers in the region.

Mangroves are an important (6) _____ (protect) against climate change, with one acre of mangrove forest